





QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRY

What are **Occupational** Standards(OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack: Lab Technician - RadiographicTesting

5. Process Plant Machinery

7. Light Engineering Goods

6. Electrical and Power Machinery

SECTOR: CAPITAL GOODS

SUB-SECTOR:

- 1. Machine Tools
- 2. Dies, Moulds and Press Tools
- 3. Plastic Manufacturing Machinery
- 4. Textile Manufacturing Machinery

OCCUPATION: Quality

REFERENCE ID: CSC/ Q 0603

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2004/NIL

Lab Technician - Radiographic Testing: Performance of radiographic testing activities on metal products and materials, as per approved procedures

Brief Job Description: It involves preparing the products for testing, identifying the test area, checking that the radiographic test equipment complies with the specification requirements, is safe to use, fit for purpose. It also involves adjusting the radiographic equipment, choice of suitable technique for the product, carrying out the exposure, ensuring safe containment of the radiography source, process the exposed films in the prepared facility, checking the image quality before storing the film ready for interpretation. Compliance of regulations of the statutory authority; Atomic Energy Regulatory Board, Mumbai

Personal Attributes: Basic communication, basic numerical and computational abilities. Openness to learning, ability to plan and organize own work and identify and solve problems in the course of working. Understanding the need to take initiative and manage self and work to improve efficiency and effectiveness









Qualifications Pack Code	CSC/ Q 0603 Lab Technician – Radiographic Testing		
Job Role			g
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	CAPITAL GOODS	Drafted on	10/04/14
Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	18/03/15
-Occupation	QUALITY	Next review date	30/08/16
NSQC Clearance on	20/07/2015		





Job Role	Lab Technician - RadiographicTesting
Role Description	Performance of radiographic testing activities on metal products and materials, as per approved procedures
NSQF level	4
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Technical Diploma (Mechanical, Chemical, Metallurgy, etc.)
Maximum Educational Qualifications N.A.	
Training (Suggested but not mandatory)	No Previous Training Required
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 years Old
Experience	No Previous Experience Required
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Compulsory: 1. CSC/ N 0603 (Perform radiographic testing on metals) 2. CSC/ N 1335 (Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace) 3. CSC/ N 1336 (Work effectively with others) Optional: N.A.
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units





Keywords /Terms	Description
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the NOS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of NOS.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organization.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organizational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are Occupational Standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
Organisational Context	Organisational Context includes the way the organization is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
Qualifications Pack(QP)	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of NOS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.
Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-Sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Sub-functions	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of the function.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for a NOS unit, which can be denoted with an 'N'
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Vertical may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain areas or the client industries served by the industry.







Acronyms

Keywords /Terms	Description
CO2	Carbon dioxide
CPR	Cardiac Pulmonary Resuscitation
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
IQI	Image Quality Indication
СТZ	Control Test Zone
SFD	Source Focal Distance
SMR	Source Movement Register

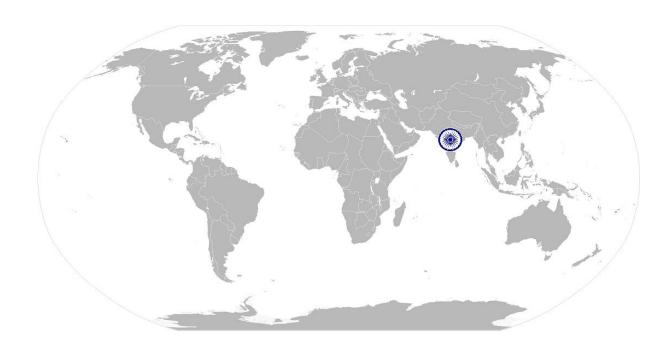






CSC/ N 0603: Perform radiographic testing on metals

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers the performance of radiographic testing activities on metal products and materials, as per approved procedures.









CSC/ N 0603: Perform radiographic testing on metals

Unit Code	CSC / N 0603
Unit Title (Task)	Perform radiographic testing on metals
Description	This unit covers the competences required to carry out radiographic testing activities on metal products and materials, in accordance with approved procedures.
	This also involves preparing the products and or material for testing, identifying the test area, checking that the radiographic test equipment complies with the specification requirements, is safe to use, fit for purpose.
	The candidate will be expected to perform under minimum supervision, as per instructions given, take responsibility for own actions and for the quality and accuracy of the work produced.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
Performance Crite	 Working safely Preparing for carrying out Radiographic Testing Carrying out testing on metal objects Handling of unresolved problems
Element	Performance Criteria
Working safely	The user/individual on the job should be able to: PC1. comply with health and safety, environmental and other relevant regulations and guidelines at work and ensure process compliance PC2. adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, occupational standards, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant occupational safety regulations PC3. work following laid down procedures and instructions PC4. evacuate the non-radiographic personnel from the area before starting the work PC5. ensure that all tools, equipment, power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and usable condition and are kept at secured location PC6. ensure that all measuring equipment are within calibration date and are
	approved for usage PC7. ensure work area is clean and safe from hazards before and after the job is

Preparing for carrying out Radiographic Testing

The user/individual on the job should be able to:

completed

- PC8. obtain job specification from a valid and approved source

 Valid sources: job instruction sheet/job card; work drawings and instructions; planning documentation; quality control documents; process specifications; standard operating procedures; instructions from supervisor
- PC9. read and establish job requirements from the job specification document accurately
- PC10. report and rectify incorrect and inconsistent information in job specification documents as per organization procedures









CSC/ N 0603:	Perform radiographic testing on metals	
	PC11. prepare the work area for the testing operations as per procedure	
	PC12. obtain correct work-pieces/raw materials to be tested	
	PC13. identify the products and materials to be tested as per job specifications	
	accurately	
	Kinds of materials: cast iron, bronzes, steels (low-carbon, low alloy, high	
	yield, stainless), aluminium/aluminium alloys	
	PC14. ensure that all features of the Controlled Test Zone are in place and are	
	operating correctly (such as barriers, lights, signs, radiation, survey meters)	
	PC15. ensure that the product test areas are correctly prepared and identified	
	Test areas: welded joints, castings, wrought products/materials (such as	
	forged, rolled, extruded), cold formed products (such as by bending, pressing,	
	rolling), heat treated components, other specific products	
	PC16. check that all equipment and consumables are as specified and fit for	
	purpose	
	PC17. ensure that gamma ray source containers are removed from the approved	
	store and recording done in the Source Movement Register	
	PC18. set up the radiographic testing equipment to provide all of the following:	
	a. correct source location, source focal distance (SFD) and beam	
	orientation	
	b. specified exposure parameters	
	c. specified radiographic film and intensifying screens applied to the test	
	areas	
	d. correctly located image quality indicators (IQIs) and identification	
	markers	
Carrying out testing	The user/individual on the job should be able to:	
on metal objects	PC19. check conditions required for tests to be undertaken	
	PC20. power up equipment as per the testing methods to be undertaken	
	PC21. prepare the test samples in accordance with the procedures and check	
	their integrity	
	PC22. follow the appropriate procedures for use of tools and equipment to carry	
	out the required tests	
	PC23. follow the defined radiographic testing procedures, and apply safe working	
	practices and procedures at all times	
	PC24. carry out the required tests in accordance with the procedures and confirm	
	the safe containment of the radiation source in the equipment	
	PC25. ensure radiographic tests are carried out in accordance with relevant	
	standards, codes, specifications and OH&S requirements	
	PC26. process films to maximize quality of image	
	PC27. record the results of the tests undertaken in the appropriate format PC28. methods used to communicate to required information about the test results	
	in accordance with departmental and organisational procedures	
	Methods: written or typed report; computer-based record; specific	
	workplace documentation; other appropriate media	
	PC29. complete documentation post completion of work, as per procedure	
	PC30. secure tools and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the testing	
	activities	
	PC31. close down the equipment to a safe condition	
	PC32. return gamma radiation source containers to the approved store	
	PC33. removing warning notices and barriers, and reinstating the work area	









CSC/ N 0603:	Perform radiographic testing on metals		
	PC34. review the results and carry out further tests if necessary		
Handling of unresolved problems	The user/individual on the job should be able to: PC35. refer unresolved job related problems to appropriate personnel for support PC36. monitor the problem and keep the supervisor informed about progress or any delays in resolving the problem		
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company relevant to own employment and performance conditions KA2. relevant health and safety requirements applicable in the work place KA3. own job role and responsibilities and sources for information pertaining to employment terms, entitlements, job role and responsibilities KA4. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the work area KA5. how to engage with specialists for support in order to resolve incidents and service requests KA6. importance of working in clean and safe environment practices and 		
	procedures KA7. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area KA8. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related issues KA9. documentation and related procedures applicable in the context of employment and work		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. common terminology used in testing procedures KB2. range of equipment, resources, machines and films to be used for testing different types of material Resources: consumables, utilities/facilities, instruments, test materials, equipment		
	 KB3. specific safety precautions to be taken when carrying out radiographic testing activities on engineering products and materials KB4. the hazards associated with radiographic testing activities (such as electrical contact, moving mechanical parts, radiation, toxic chemicals) and how they can be minimized KB5. safe work practices as prescribed by AERB in industrial radiography KB6. basic principles of radiographic testing Principles: use of x- and gamma radiation as a penetrating agent; shadow effect and projection and the capture of the image on photographic type film; development, fixing, washing and drying of the film; equipment used to view the exposed images KB7. sources of radiation used in radiographic testing activities (to include the X-ray tube (generator) and the use of radioactive isotopes) KB8. image formation (including rectilinear propagation; the geometry of shadow projection, inverse square law, focal spot, formation of penumbra and image quality indicators) KB9. preparation requirements of the X-ray tube generator, and how to set up the tube or radiation source (including equipment controls, establishment of testing parameters; focal spot size and safety devices; the use of exposure 		









	reactorial occupational scandards
CSC/ N 0603:	Perform radiographic testing on metals
	charts)
	KB10. care and control of the equipment (to include checking the condition of all
	electrical cables and connections, all mechanical functions and safety devices)
	KB11. care of gamma-ray source containers, and storage procedures for radioactive
	sources
	KB12. how to transport radioactive materials safely and correctly
	KB13. carrying out radiographic testing activities
	KB14. assessment procedures and techniques
	KB15. types of discontinuities and their consequences/effect on the material
	procedure for carrying out each radiographic test
	KB16. principal types of X-ray generators and radioisotopes and their effect on
	radiographic sensitivity tools, equipment, techniques and system verification
	checks relevant standards, regulations and codes
	KB17. procedures for specialized radiographic applications
	KB18. principles of image formation, film and chemical properties and processing
	techniques various types of films and screens, their properties and effects on
	image quality
	KB19. parameters on which quality of the developed image are to be checked
	Parameters: processing faults, image quality, contrast, sensitivity, density
	KB20. maintenance and storage procedures for test equipment
	KB21. safety features of radioisotope cameras and X-ray equipment
	KB22. how to prepare the products, materials or structures for the radiographic
	testing activities (including the identification of the test area and the use of
	lead markers)
	Test areas: welded joints, castings, wrought products/materials (such as
	forged, rolled, extruded), cold formed products (such as by bending, pressing,
	rolling), heat treated components, other specific products
	KB23. areas for which NDT report is prepared
	Areas: product identification; test areas covered by identified radiographs;
	test area geometries and thickness; radiographic parameters; testing
	conditions; type of image quality indication (IQI); film type; processing
	conditions; personal data
	KB24. types and selection of radiographic films (including emulsion types;
	intensifying screens; film development, fixing, washing and drying; the
	significance of temperature on the film and how it is controlled)
	KB25. processing faults, characteristic curves, and the effect of development
	conditions on the finished film quality
	KB26. response of defects to penetrative radiation, and the resulting images on the
	film
	KB27. setting up/maintenance of storage facilities for unexposed film, exposed film
	and film which has been developed importance of monitoring the equipment
	settings and function during the testing process
	KB28. regulations and codes of practice to be followed when using radiographic
	testing equipment
	KB29. type(s) of personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used, and how to obtain
	it KB20 procedures to be adopted in the case of accident and emergency/incidents
	KB30. procedures to be adopted in the case of accident and emergency/incidents
	involving radioactive sources KB21 how to shock the Controlled Test Zone complies with regulation requirements

KB31. how to check the Controlled Test Zone complies with regulation requirements









CSC/ N 0603:	Perform radiographic testing on metals
	Compliance checks: the identification and marking of boundary exclusion zones; the erection of physical barriers; warning lights and visual signs to restrict unauthorized entrance; the sighting of radiation survey meters; the positioning of appropriate radiation screens KB32. importance of completing the documentation throughout the testing process KB33. potential problems associated with stages of the testing process, how they occur and how they can be prevented/corrected KB34. how to deal with problems which affect aspects of sample collection, inspection and testing activities and the interpretation of the results KB35. how to report any problems you are not able to deal with yourself and why it is important to report faults, variations or problems immediately
Skills (S) [Optional]	
B. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification documents, manuals, health and safety instructions, memos, etc. applicable to the job in English and/or local language SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per organizational format in English and/or local language SA3. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language check and clarify task-related information SA5. liaise with appropriate authorities in governed protocol SA6. communicate with people in respectful form and manner in line with organizational protocol Numerical and computational skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA7. undertake basic numerical computations and calculations Numerical computations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions and decimals, percentages and proportions, simple ratios and averages SA8. identify various basic, compound and solid shapes as per dimensions given Basic shapes: equare, rectangle, triangle, circle, quadrilaterals Compound shapes: involving squares, rectangles, triangles, circles, semicircles, quadrants of a circle Solid shapes: cube, rectangular prism, cylinder SA9. use appropriate measuring techniques and units of measurement SA10. use appropriate units and number systems to express degree of accuracy Units and number systems representing degree of accuracy: decimals places, significant figures, fractions as a decimal quantity SA11. use metric systems of measurement









CSC/ N 0603:	Perform radiographic testing on metals	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development	
	interventions and assessments	
	SA2. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical	
	adviser	
	SA3. seek to improve and modify own work practices	
	SA4. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of	
	practice and product/process developments	
A. Professional Skills	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. identify problems with work planning, procedures, output and behavior and	
	their implications	
	SB2. prioritize and plan for problem solving	
	SB3. communicate problems appropriately to others	
	SB4. identify sources of information and support for problem solving	
	SB5. seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems	
	SB6. identify effective resolution techniques	
	SB7. select and apply resolution techniques	
	SB8. seek evidence for problem resolution	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB9. plan, prioritize and sequence work perations as per job requirements	
	SB10. organize and analyze information relevant to work	
	SB11. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction,	
	efficient material usage and optimization of time	
	Initiative and Enterprise	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB12. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others	
	SB13. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that	
	occur as work progresses	
	SB14. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and	
	internal/external customer/supplier relationships	
	SB15. one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to achieve	
	more	
	Self-Management	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB16. exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during conflict situations	
	SB17. avoid and manage distractions to be disciplined at work	
	SB18. manage own time for achieving better results	
	Teamwork	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB19. work in a team in order to achieve better results	
	SB20. identify and clarify work roles within a team	
	SB21. communicate and cooperate with others in the team for better results	

SB22. seek assistance from fellow team members









CSC/ N 0603:

Perform radiographic testing on metals

NOS Version Control

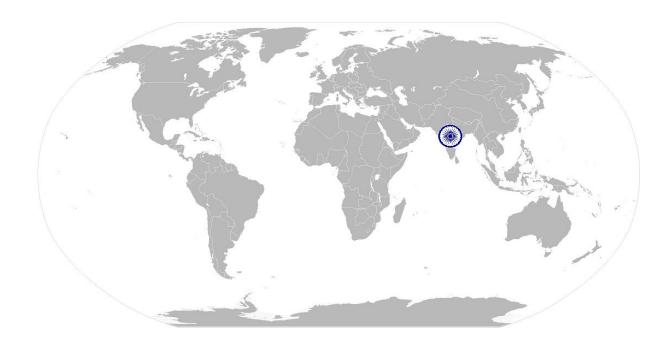
NOS Code		CSC / N 0603		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	TBD Version number 1.0		
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/14	
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Tools Dies And Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	18/03/15	
Occupation	Quality	Next review date	30/08/16	







National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers health, safety and security at the workplace. This includes procedures and practices that candidates need to follow to help maintain a healthy, safe and secure work environment.









Unit Code	CSC / N 1335		
Unit Title (Task)	Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace		
Description	This OS unit is about knowledge and practices relating to health, safety and security that candidates need to use in the workplace. It covers responsibilities towards self, others, assets and the environment.		
	It includes understanding of risks and hazards in the workplace, along with common techniques to minimize risk, deal with accidents, emergencies, etc.		
	It covers knowledge of fire safety, common first aid applications, safe practices and emergency procedures.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:		
	 Health and safety Fire safety Emergencies, rescue and first-aid procedures 		

Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria
Health and safety	The user/individual on the job should be able to: PC1. use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions Protective clothing: leather or asbestos gloves, flame proof aprons, flame proof overalls buttoned to neck, cuffless (without folds), trousers, reinforced footwear, helmets/hard hats, cap and shoulder covers, ear defenders/plugs, safety boots, knee pads, particle masks, glasses/goggles/visors Equipment: hand shields, machine guards, residual current devices,
	shields, dust sheets, respirator
	PC2. state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace
	PC3. state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace
	PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace
	Hazards: sharp edged and heavy tools; heated metals; oxyfuel and gas cylinders; welding radiation; hazardous surfaces(sharp, slippery,
	uneven, chipped, broken, etc.); hazardous substances(chemicals, gas, oxy-fuel, fumes, dust, etc.); physical hazards(working at heights, large and heavy objects and machines, sharp and piercing objects, tolls and
	machines, intense light, load noise, obstructions in corridors, by doors, blind turns, noise, over stacked shelves and packages, etc.) electrical hazards (power supply and points, loose and naked cables and wires, electrical machines and appliances, etc.)









Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious illness)

PC5. carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others

Safe working practices: using protective clothing and equipment; putting up and reading safety signs; handle tools in the correct manner and store and maintain them properly; keep work area clear of clutter, spillage and unsafe object lying casually; while working with electricity take all electrical precautions like insulated clothing, adequate equipment insulation, use of control equipment, dry work area, switch off the power supply when not required, etc.; safe lifting and carrying practices; use equipment that is working properly and is well maintained; take due measures for safety while working in confined places, trenches or at heights, etc. including safety harness, fall arrestors, etc.

PC6. state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role

Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures; using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices (such as safety procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from colleagues and supervisors

PC7. state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace

General health and safety equipment: fire extinguishers; first aid equipment; safety instruments and clothing; safety installations(eg fire exits, exhaust fans)

PC8. inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use

Ladder faults: corrosion of metal components, deterioration, splits and cracks timber components, imbalance, loose rungs, missing/unfixed nuts or bolts, etc.

Ladders set up: firm/level base, clip/lash down, leaning at the correct angle, etc.

- PC9. work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas
- PC10. lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures
- PC11. apply good housekeeping practices at all times

Good housekeeping practices: clean/tidy work areas, removal/disposal of waste products, protect surfaces

PC12. identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas

Various areas: on chemical containers; equipment; packages; inside buildings; in open areas and public spaces, etc.

PC13. retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace









Documents: fire notices, accident reports, safety instructions for
equipment and procedures, company notices and documents, legal
documents (eg government notices)
The user/individual on the job should be able to: PC14. use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly
Types of fires: Class A: eg. ordinary solid combustibles, such as wood, paper, cloth, plastic, charcoal, etc.; Class B: flammable liquids and gases, such as gasoline, propane, diesel fuel, tar, cooking oil, and similar substances; Class C: eg. electrical equipment such as appliances, wiring, breaker panels, etc. (These categories of fires become Class A, B, and D fires when the electrical equipment that initiated the fire is no longer receiving electricity); Class D: combustible metals such as magnesium, titanium, and sodium (These fires burn at extremely high temperatures and require special
suppression agents) PC15. demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard PC16. demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards PC17. demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher
The user/individual on the job should be able to:
PC19. demonstrate how to free a persor melectrocution PC19. administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc. PC20. demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging PC21. respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical emergency in real or simulated environments PC22. perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments PC23. administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated cases PC24. demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process PC25. participate in emergency procedures Emergency procedures: raising alarm, safe/efficient, evacuation, correct means of escape, correct assembly point, roll call, correct return to work PC26. complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to
another person, and send report to person responsible Incident Report includes details of: name, date/time of incident, date/time of report, location, environment conditions, persons involved, sequence of events, injuries sustained, damage sustained, actions taken, witnesses, supervisor/manager notified







A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. names (and job titles if applicable), and where to find, all the people responsible for health and safety in a workplace. KA2. names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace.
B. Technical Knowledge	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. meaning of "hazards" and "risks" KB2. health and safety hazards commonly present in the work environment and related precautions KB3. possible causes of risk, hazard or accident in the workplace and why risk and/or accidents are possible KB4. possible causes of risk and accident Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading;
	listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious illness) KB5. methods of accident prevention Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures; using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices (such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from colleagues and supervisors
	 KB6. safe working practices when working with tools and machines KB7. safe working practices while working at various hazardous sites KB8. where to find all the general health and safety equipment in the workplace KB9. various dangers associated with the use of electrical equipment KB10. preventative and remedial actions to be taken in the case of exposure to toxic materials Exposure: ingested, contact with skin, inhaled Preventative action: ventilation, masks, protective clothing/
	equipment); Remedial action: immediate first aid, report to supervisor Toxic materials: solvents, flux, lead KB11. importance of using protective clothing/equipment while working KB12. precautionary activities to prevent the fire accident KB13. various causes of fire Causes of fires: heating of metal; spontaneous ignition; sparking; electrical heating; loose fires (smoking, welding, etc.); chemical fires; etc.
	KB14. techniques of using the different fire extinguishers KB15. different methods of extinguishing fire KB16. different materials used for extinguishing fire Materials: sand, water, foam, CO2, dry powder KB17. rescue techniques applied during a fire hazard KB18. various types of safety signs and what they mean









Skills (S) [Optional]	 KB19. appropriate basic first aid treatment relevant to the condition eg. shock, electrical shock, bleeding, breaks to bones, minor burns, resuscitation, poisoning, eye injuries KB20. content of written accident report KB21. potential injuries and ill health associated with incorrect manual handing KB22. safe lifting and carrying practices KB23. personal safety, health and dignity issues relating to the movement of a person by others KB24. potential impact to a person who is moved incorrectly 		
A. Core Skills/	Reading and Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read and comprehend basic content to read labels, charts, signages SA2. read and comprehend basic English to read manuals of operations SA3. read and write an accident/incident report in local language or English Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. question coworkers appropriately in order to clarify instructions and other issues SA5. give clear instructions to coworkers, subordinates others		
	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, laid down procedure and guidelines		
B. Professional Skills	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. plan and organize their own work schedule, work area, tools, equipment and materials to maintain decorum and for improved productivity Working with others		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB2. remain congenial while discussing and debating issues with co-workers SB3. follow appropriate protocols for communication based on situation, hierarchy, organizational culture and practice		
	SB4. ask for, provide and receive required assistance where possible to ensure achievement of work related objectives		
	SB5. thank coworkers for any assistance received SB6. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow worksmanship and authority		









Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB7. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB8. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- SB9. identify sources of support that can be availed of for problem solving for various kind of problems
- SB10. seek appropriate assistance from other sources to resolve problems
- SB11. report problems that you cannot resolve to appropriate authority

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB12. identify cause and effect relations in their area of work
- SB13. use cause and effect relations to anticipate potential problems and their solution











NOS Version Control

NOS Code	CSC / N 1335		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD Version number 1.0		1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/14
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds And Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Generation Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	18/03/15
Occupation	Quality	Next review date	30/08/16





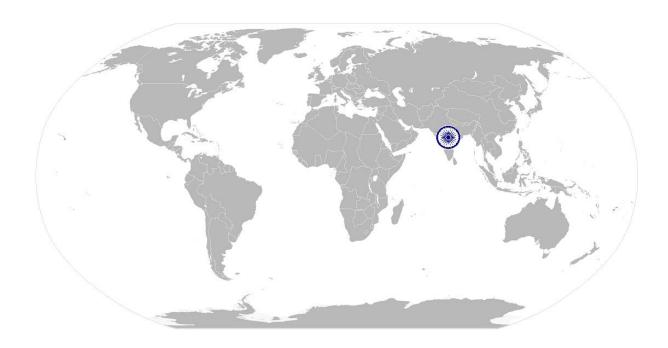




CSC/ N 1336:

Work effectively with others

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers basic practices that improve effectiveness of working with others in an organizational set-up.









CSC/ N 1336: Work effectively with others

CSC/ N 1336:	Work effectively with others
Unit Code	CSC / N 1336
Unit Title (Task)	Work effectively with others
Description	This unit covers basic etiquette and competencies that a candidate is required to possess and demonstrate in their behavior and interactions with others at the workplace.
	These cover areas such as communication etiquette, discipline, listening, handling conflict and grievances.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: • Working with others
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Working with others	The user/individual on the job should be able to: PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working Communication etiquette: do not use abusive language; use appropriate titles and terms of respect; do not eat or chew while talking (vice versa)etc. PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace Disciplined behaviors: e.g. punctuality; completing tasks as per given time and standards; not gossiping and idling time; eliminating waste, honesty, etc. PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure
Knowledge and Unders	to resolve them and avoid conflict standing (K)
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company
(Knowledge of the company / organization and	relevant to own employment and performance conditions KA2. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the work area
its processes)	KA3. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area KA4. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related issues









CSC/ N 1336: Work effectively with others

B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1. various categories of people that one is required to communicate and co-		
	ordinate with in the organization		
	KB2. importance of effective communication in the workplace		
	KB3. importance of teamwork in organizational and individual success		
	KB4. various components of effective communication		
	KB5. key elements of active listening		
	KB6. value and importance of active listening and assertive communication		
	KB7. barriers to effective communication		
	KB8. importance of tone and pitch in effective communication		
	KB9. importance of avoiding casual expletives and unpleasant terms while		
	communicating professional circles		
	KB10. how poor communication practices can disturb people, environment and		
	cause problems for the employee, the employer and the customer		
	KB11. importance of ethics for professional success		
	KB12. importance of discipline for professional success		
	KB13. what constitutes disciplined behavior for a working professional		
	KB14. common reasons for interpersonal conflict		
	KB15. importance of developing effective working relationships for professional		
	success		
	KB16. expressing and addressing grievances appropriately and effectively		
	KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively		

Skills (S) [Optional]











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Work effectively with others

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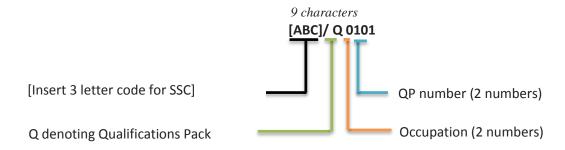




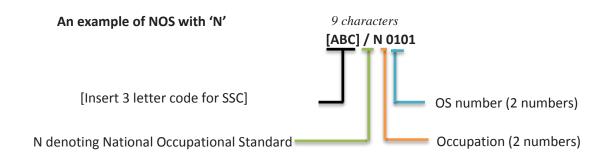
Annexure

Nomenclature for QP and NOS

Qualifications Pack



Occupational Standard







The following acronyms/codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers	
Machine Tools	01-13	
Dies, Moulds and Press Tools	01-13	
Process Plant Machinery	01-13	
Plastic Manufacturing Machinery	01-13	
Textile Manufacturing Machinery	01-13	
Electrical and Power Machinery	01-13	
Light Engineering Goods	01-13	

Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Capital Goods	CSC
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether Q P or N OS	N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01







CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role: Lab Technician - Radiographic Testing

Qualification Pack: CSC/ Q 0603

Sector Skill Council: Capital Goods sector skill Council

Guidelines for Assessment:

- Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance
 Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of
 marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC.
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.
- 3. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria
- 5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score a minimum of 70% in every NOS
- 6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack.

Assessable Outcomes	Assessment Criteria	Total Marks (300)	Out of	Theory	Skills Practical
CSC/ N 0603: Perform radiographic testing on metals	PC1. comply with health and safety, environmental and other relevant regulations and guidelines at work and ensure process compliance	100	2	0	2
	PC2. adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, occupational standards, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant occupational safety regulations		4	1	3
	PC3. work following laid down procedures and instructions		3	1	2
	PC4. evacuate the non-radiographic personnel from the area before starting the work		2	0	2
	PC5. ensure that all tools, equipment, power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and usable condition and are kept at secured location		2	0	2
	PC6. ensure that all measuring equipment are within calibration date and are approved for usage		2	0	2
	PC7. ensure work area is clean and safe from hazards before and after the job is completed		2	0	2
	PC8. obtain job specification from a valid and		2	0	2







a	approved source			
P	PC9. read and establish job requirements from the job specification document accurately		2 0	2
i	PC10. report and rectify incorrect and nconsistent information in job specification documents as per organization procedures	3	3 1	2
F	PC11. prepare the work area for the testing operations as per procedure	3	1	2
	PC12. obtain correct work-pieces/raw materials o be tested		2 0	2
	PC13. identify the products and material to be ested as per job specifications accurately	3	3 1	2
T (PC14. ensure that all features of the Controlled Fest Zone are in place and are operating correctly such as barriers, lights, signs, radiation, survey meters)		3 1	2
	PC15. ensure that the product test areas are correctly prepared and identified	2	0	2
	PC16. check that all equipment and consumables are as specified and fit for purpose	3	3 1	2
a	PC17. ensure that gamma ray source containers are removed from the approved store and recording done in the Source Movement Register		0	2
t a (b c s	PC18. set up the radiographic testing equipment to provide all of the following: a. correct source location, source focal distance SFD) and beam orientation b. specified exposure parameters c. specified radiographic film and intensifying screens applied to the test areas d. correctly located image quality indicators (IQIs) and identification markers		2	2
	PC19. check conditions required for tests to be undertaken	3	1	2
	PC20. power up equipment as per the testing methods to be undertaken		2 0	2
	PC21. prepare the test samples in accordance with the procedures and check their integrity		2	2
C	PC22. follow the appropriate procedures for use of tools and equipment to carry out the required tests		1	3
ļ p	PC23. follow the defined radiographic testing procedures, and apply safe working practices and procedures at all times	(5 2	4







	PC24. carry out the required tests in accordance with the procedures and confirm the safe		6	2	4	
	containment of the radiation source in the					
	equipment PC25. ensure radiographic tests are carried out in		3	1	2	
	accordance with relevant standards, codes, specifications and OH&S requirements				-	
	PC26. process films to maximize quality of image		2	0	2	
	PC27. record the results of the tests undertaken in the appropriate format		2	0	2	
	PC28. methods used to communicate the required information about the test results in accordance with departmental and organizational procedures		3	1	2	
	PC29. complete documentation post completion of work, as per procedure		3	1	2	
	PC30. secure tools and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the testing activities		3	1	2	
	PC31 close down the equipment to a safe condition		2	0	2	
	PC32. return gamma radiation source containers to the approved store		3	1	2	
	PC33. removing warning notices and barriers, and reinstating the work area		2	0	2	
	PC34. review the results and carry out further tests if necessary		2	0	2	
	PC35. refer unresolved job related problems to appropriate personnel for support		2	0	2	
	PC36. monitor the problem and keep the supervisor informed about progress or any delays in resolving the problem			2	0	2
		Total	100	22	78	
CSC/ N 1335: Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace	PC1. use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions	100	5	2	3	
	PC2. state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2	
	PC3. state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2	
	PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace		5	2	3	







	PC5. carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role		4	2	2
	PC6. state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace		3	2	1
	PC7. inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use		5	2	3
	PC8. work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas		5	2	3
	PC9. lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures		5	2	3
	PC10. apply good housekeeping practices at all times		4	2	2
-	PC11. identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas	 -	5	2	3
	PC12. retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC13. use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly		4	1	3
	PC14. demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard		4	1	3
	PC15. demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards		3	1	2
	PC16. demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher		4	1	3
	PC17. demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution		4	1	3
	PC18. administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.		4	1	3
	PC19. demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging		3	1	2
	PC20. respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical emergency in real or simulated environments		4	1	3
	PC21. perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments		3	1	2
	PC22. administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated cases		3	1	2







	PC23. demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process		3	1	2
	PC24. participate in emergency procedures		3	2	1
	PC25. complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another person, and send report to person responsible	-	4	1	3
	PC26. demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an emergency		4	1	3
		Total	100	36	64
CSC/ N 1336: Work effectively with others	PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required	100	10	3	7
	PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt		10	3	7
	PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand		10	3	7
	PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible		10	3	7
	PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks		10	3	7
	PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working		10	3	7
	PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work		10	3	7
	PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism		10	3	7
	PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace		10	3	7
	PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict		10	3	7
		Total	100	30	70